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BMAS 2005 VHDL-AMS based genetic optimization of a fuzzy logic controller for automotive active suspension systems

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Outline



Introduction and system model

- Shape optimization of fuzzy logic membership functions
- Integrated GA optimiser in VHDL-AMS testbench implemented as a state machine
- Experimental results
- Conclusion

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 X_{s}

Introduction and system model

- VHDL-AMS recommended by a European automotive consortium as a unified automotive modeling language
- Automotive active suspension system



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Fuzzy logic controller (FLC)



- Based on the general principles of fuzzy set theory (L. Zadeh, 1965)
- Input and output variables are similar to a conventional controller
- Handling uncertain and complex systems, e.g. active suspension system

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Fuzzy logic controller (FLC)

- Regular membership functions
 - Triangular



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Fuzzy logic controller (FLC)

- Regular membership functions
 - Trapezoidal



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Genetic algorithm (GA)



- A GA usually has the following elements
 - Population of chromosomes
 - Selection according to fitness
 - Crossover to produce new offspring
 - Random mutation of new offspring

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FLC



Acceleration 7 Ρ Ν Ρ Ν Ν Ζ Velocity Ζ Ζ Ν Ρ Ν Ζ Ρ Ρ **University of** Southampton, UK

•Output: actuator force

- •Three linguistic variables: *Positive* (P), *Zero* (Z) and *Negative* (N)
- •Fuzzy rules set

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- Max-product inference
- Center of gravity defuzzification

Inputs: sprung mass velocity and acceleration







Shape optimization of fuzzy logic membership functions

- •Fuzzy logic membership function
 - Graphical representation of input's degree of participation in a fuzzy set
 - Shapes may affect FLC performance (A. Barr and J. Ray, 1996)
 - Shape optimization using a GA

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Shape optimization of fuzzy logic membership functions





Integrated GA optimizer in VHDL-AMS testbench

Integrated hardware system performance optimizer wholly implemented in VHDL-AMS

- Active suspension system
- FLC
- GA optimization

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GA features:

- Evaluation using peak-to-peak value of $x_s(t)$ as fitness
- Tournament selection chromosomes with small x_{pp} are more likely to be selected to produce offspring
- Elitism artificially inserting the best solution into each new generation
- Arithmetic crossover generate new offspring for real number genes
- Gene mutation introduce new solutions into the next population
- •VHDL-AMS finite state machine controls the optimizer

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Peak-to-peak and RMS values of $x_s(t)$

	FLC type	S	Peak-to-peak (mm)	RMS (mm)
	GA optimiz	ed	28.0	4.6
	Triangula	ır	35.7	6.2
	Trapezoid	al	36.0	6.4
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Conclusion

- A novel way to improve FLC performance developed and successfully implemented in an HDL
- Novel approach to hardware performance optimisation proposed and implemented
 - Integrated VHDL-AMS optimiser using parallel GA
- New type of FLC with irregular membership functions proposed for automotive active suspension system
 - Superior performance to conventional FLCs with triangular or trapezoidal membership functions
 - More than 20% improvement in the peak-to-peak value of sprung mass displacement

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