

Optimization Techniques



Slides of Gang Quan used

Problems

- Decision problems
 - Yes/No
- Optimization problems
 - Some value need to be minimized or maximized

System level design is essentially an optimization problem!

Optimization Techniques

- Mathematical Programming
- Network Analysis
- Branch & Bound
- Genetic Algorithm
- Simulated Annealing Algorithm
- etc.

Mathematical Programming

- Linear Programming

- What

- A *linear* multivariable function is to be optimized (maximized or minimized) subject to a number of *linear* constraints.

Linear Programming

Maximize: $f(\mathbf{x}) = f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ } Objective function

subject to:

$$h_1(\mathbf{X}) \leq 0$$

$$h_2(\mathbf{X}) \leq 0$$

...

$$h_m(\mathbf{X}) \leq 0$$

} Constraints

$f(\mathbf{x}), h_1(\mathbf{X}), h_2(\mathbf{X}) \leq 0 \dots h_m(\mathbf{X}) \leq 0$, are linear functions.

x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n are real numbers.

Example

$$\text{Maximize : } f(\mathbf{x}) = 4x_1 + 3x_2 - x_4$$

subject to :

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 \leq 12$$

$$3x_1 - 2x_2 + x_4 \leq 10$$

$$4x_1 + x_2 - x_3 \leq 8$$

$$x_i \geq 0, \quad i = 1, 2, 3, 4$$

A Practical Example

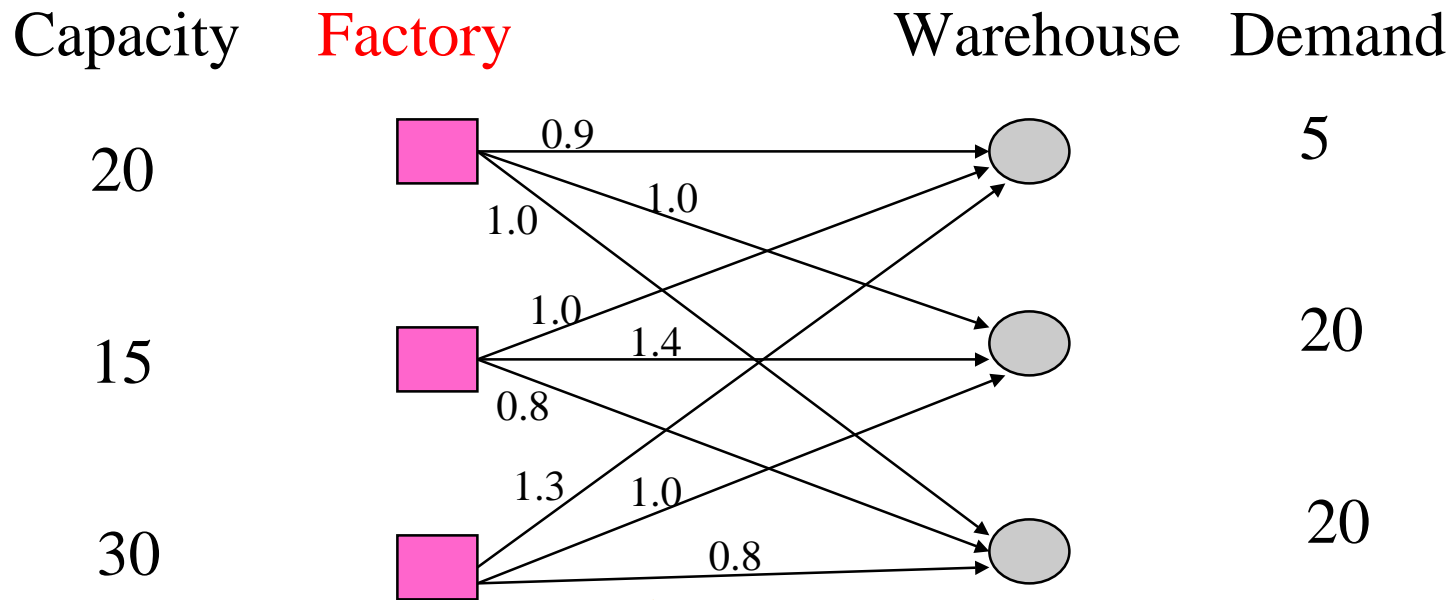
A supply system comprising *three* factories which must supply the needs for a single commodity of *three* warehouses.

Given:

1. The unit cost from one factory to any warehouse
2. The maximum product capacity by each factory
3. The minimum product demand by each warehouse

How much of the product from each factory should be shipped to each warehouse to make the cost minimum?

A Practical Example (cont'd)



The unit cost from one factory to any warehouse

A Practical Example (cont'd)

Let x_{ij} be the units sent from factory i to warehouse j .

Objectives ?

Minimize: $0.9x_{11} + 1.0x_{12} + 1.0x_{13} + 1.0x_{21} + 1.4x_{22} + 0.8x_{23}$
 $+ 1.3x_{31} + 1.0x_{32} + 0.8x_{33}$

Subject to ?

for each factory

$$x_{11} + x_{12} + x_{13} \leq 20$$

$$x_{21} + x_{22} + x_{23} \leq 15$$

$$x_{31} + x_{32} + x_{33} \leq 30$$

for each warehouse

$$x_{11} + x_{21} + x_{31} \geq 5$$

$$x_{12} + x_{22} + x_{32} \geq 20$$

$$x_{13} + x_{23} + x_{33} \geq 20$$

And ?

$$x_{ij} \geq 0, \quad i = 1, 2, 3 \quad j = 1, 2, 3$$

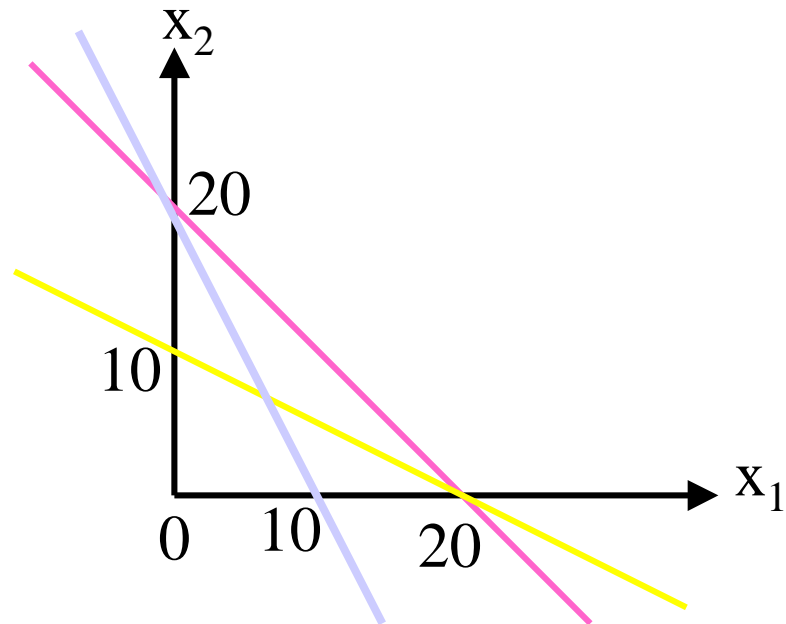
Linear Programming Solvers

- Matlab, Maple, Execl
- <http://elib.zib.de/pub/Packages/mathprog/linprog/lp-solve/>

Infeasible Solution

- There is no such vector \mathbf{X} that satisfies all the constraints simultaneously.

$$\begin{aligned}x_{11} + x_{12} &\geq 20 \\x_{11} + 2x_{12} &\leq 20 \\2x_{11} + x_{12} &\leq 20\end{aligned}$$



Unboundedness

- The maximized (minimized) objection function can grow infinitely large (small)

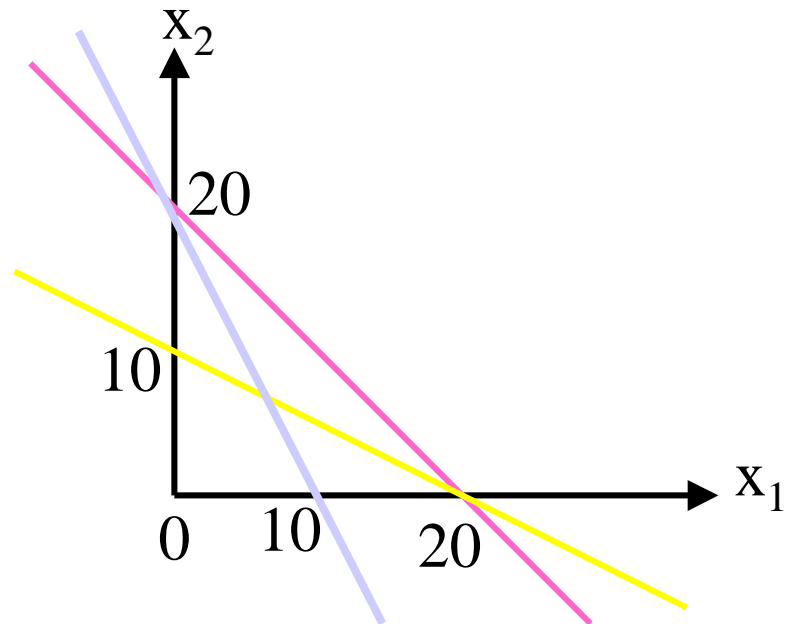
Max: $3x_{11} + 4x_{12}$

s.t.:

$$x_{11} + x_{12} \geq 20$$

$$x_{11} + 2x_{12} \geq 20$$

$$2x_{11} + x_{12} \geq 20$$



Integer Linear Programming

- The variables can only be integers

Maximize : $f(\mathbf{x}) = f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$

subject to :

$$h_1(\mathbf{X}) \leq 0$$

$$h_2(\mathbf{X}) \leq 0$$

...

$$h_m(\mathbf{X}) \leq 0$$

x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n are integers .

- NP-complete

Example

- **Knapsack problem**
 - *Given a knapsack of capacity c , into which we may put k types of objects. Each object of type i has a profit, p_i , and a weight w_i , (we have an unbounded number of items of each object type), determine the number of each type of the objects to be chosen to put in the knapsack so as to maximize the total profit.*

Example (cont'd)

Let n_i be the number of items should be chosen for type i .

Objectives ?

$$\text{Maximize : } f(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_i n_i p_i$$

Subject to ?

$$\sum_i n_i w_i \leq c$$

profit



And ?

$$n_i \geq 0, n_i \text{ is an integer, } i = 1, 2, \dots, k$$

Other Mathematical Programming

- Mixed integer linear programming
- Quadratic programming
- Geometric Programming

Other Mathematical Programming (Cont'd)

- Quadratic programming

$$\text{Maximize : } f(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{C}^T \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{x} \mathbf{D} \mathbf{x}$$

$$\text{S.t. : } \mathbf{A} \mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{B}$$

$$\mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0}$$

$$\text{Maximize : } f(\mathbf{x}) = 3x_1 + 2x_2 - x_1^2 - x_1x_2 - x_2^2$$

$$\text{S.t. : } 4x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 20$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

Other Mathematical Programming (Cont'd)

- Geometric Programming

$$\text{Minimize : } f(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{j=1}^m (C_j \prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{a_{ij}})$$

$$\text{S.t. : } x_i > 0,$$

$$c_j > 0$$

a_{ij} are arbitrary real numbers .

$$i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

$$j = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

Other Mathematical Programming (Cont'd)

- Geometric Programming Example

$$\text{Minimize : } f(\mathbf{x}) = 2x_1x_2^{-1} + 3x_2x_3^{-2} + 2x_1^{-2}x_2x_3 + x_1x_2$$

$$\text{S.t. : } x_1, x_2, x_3 > 0$$